## Chapter - 12

## Algebraic Expressions

- Algebraic expressions are formed from variables and constants. We use the operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division on the variables and constants to form expressions. For example, the expression $4 x y+7$ is formed from the variables $x$ and $y$ and constants 4 and 7. The constant 4 and the variables $x$ and $y$ are multiplied to give the product $4 x y$ and the constant 7 is added to this product to give the expression.
- Variable: Symbols which are used to represent or replace numbers. They are denoted as $x, y$, $\mathrm{z}, \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c} . . . .$. and can take different numerical values. We generally use small letters to represent variables.
- Constant: A symbol having a fixed numerical value. Example: 2, -10, etc.
- Expressions are made up of terms. Terms are added to make an expression. For example, the addition of the terms $4 x y$ and 7 gives the expression $4 x y+7$.
- A term is a product of factors. The term $4 x y$ in the expression $4 x y+7$ is a product of factors $x, y$ and 4. Factors containing variables are said to be algebraic factors.
- The coefficient is the numerical factor in the term. Sometimes anyone factor in a term is called the coefficient of the remaining part of the term.
- Any expression with one or more terms is called a polynomial.
- Specifically a one term expression is called a monomial.
- A two-term expression is called a binomial.
- A three-term expression is called a trinomial.
- Terms which have the same algebraic factors are liketerms. Terms which have different algebraic factors are unlike terms. Thus, terms $4 x y$ and $-3 x y$ are like terms; but terms $4 x y$ and $-3 x$ are not like terms.
- The sum (or difference) of two like terms is a like term with coefficient equal to the sum (or difference) of the coefficients of the two like terms. Thus, $8 x y-3 x y=(8-3) x y$, i.e., $5 x y$.
- When we add two algebraic expressions, the like terms are added as given above; the unlike terms are left as they are. Thus, the sum of $4 x^{2}+5 x$ and $2 x+3$ is $4 x^{2}+7 x+3$; the like terms $5 x$ and $2 x$ add to $7 x$; the unlike terms $\quad x^{2}$ and 3 are left as they are.
- In situations such as solving an equation and using a formula, we have to find the value of an expression. The value of the expression depends on the value of the variable from which the expression is formed. Thus, the value of $7 x-3$ for $x=5$ is 32 , since 7 (5) $-3=35-3=32$.
- Rules and formulas in mathematics are written in a concise and general form using algebraic expressions: Thus, the area of rectangle $=l b$, where $l$ is the length and $b$ is the breadth of the rectangle.
- The general ( $n t h$ ) term of a number pattern (or a sequence) is an expression in $n$.
- Thus, the $n_{\text {th }}$ term of the number pattern $11,21,31,41, \ldots$ is $(10 n+1)$.

