## Chapter - 11

## Mensuration

- **Perimeter**: Length of boundary of a simple closed figure.
- **Area**: The measure of region enclosed in a simple closed figure.
- Area of a trapezium = half of the sum of the lengths of parallel sides × perpendicular distance between them.
- Area of a rhombus = half the product of its diagonals.
- Perimeter of:

Rectangle = 2(l + b)

Square = 4a

Triangle = 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
.

Parallelogram = 2(sum of two adjacent sides)

• Diagonal of:

Rectangle =  $\sqrt{l^2 + b^2}$ 

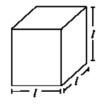
Square =  $\sqrt{2a}$ 

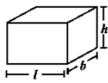
- **Surface area** of a solid is the sum of the areas of its faces.
- Surface area of:

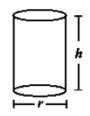
 $a \ cuboid = 2(lb + bh + hl)$ 

 $a \ cube = 6l^2$ 

a cylinder =  $2\pi r(r+h)$ 







- Amount of region occupied by a solid is called its **volume**.
- Volume of

$$= l \times b \times h$$
$$= l^{3}$$
a cylinder =  $\pi r^{2} h$ 

(*i*) 
$$1 \ cm^3 = 1 \ mL$$

(*ii*) 
$$1L = 1000 \ cm^3$$

 $(iii) \ 1 \ m^3 = \ 1000000 \ cm^3 \ = \ 1000L$