

REVISION WORKSHEET FOR SA1

CLASS – IX

SUBJECT- SST

- Q1 Who among the following enjoyed certain privileges by birth in France during the late 18th century ?
- (a) Big business men and merchants
 - (b) Peasants and artisans
 - (c) Clergy and Nobles
 - (d) Court officials and lawyers
- Q2 Which one of the following rights was established as natural and inalienable right by the constitution of 1791 in France ?
- (a) Right to life
 - (b) Equality before law
 - (c) Freedom of speech and opinion
 - (d) All the above
- Q3 Which of the following Indian state does not share its boundary with Nepal ?
- (a) Himachal Pradesh (b) Uttar Pradesh
 - (c) Assam (d) Bihar
- Q4 Which type of drainage pattern develops where the river channel flows the slope of the terrain ?
- (a) Trellis (b) Rectangular
 - (c) Dendritic (d) Radial
- Q5 Which term is used for the sudden overthrow of a government illegally ?
- (a) Military Dictatorship (b) Coup
 - (c) Illegal government (d) Agitation

- Q6 For whose help had President Allende of Chile made various policy decisions ?
(a) Party members (b) Family members
(c) Poor and workers (d) Soldiers
- Q7 Who amongst the following was the president of the Constituent Assembly ?
(a) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Sarojini naidu
- Q8 The 'Green Revolution' introduced the farmers to -
(a) cultivation of wheat and rice
(b) cultivation of green vegetables
(c) cultivation of sugarcane
(d) green the forests
- Q9 Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan is a step towards providing -
(a) Higher education (b) Secondary education
(c) Elementary education (d) All the above
- Q10 Infant Mortality Rate refers to the death of a child under the age of;
(a) 1 year (b) 2 years
(c) 4 years (d) 5 years
- Q11 Who wrote the book 'The Social Contract' ?
(a) Locke
(b) Rousseau
(c) Olympe de Gouges
(d) Montesquieu
- Q12 The Triangular slave trade was prevalent between which of the following continents ?
(a) Europe, Africa and the Americas
(b) Europe, Asia and the Americas
(c) Africa, Asia and the Americas
(d) Europe, Asia and Africa

- Q13 Which among the following is not a tributary of river Ganga ?
(a) Yamuna (b) Ghaghara
(c) Gandak (d) Beas
- Q14 Which one of the following facts is true about Salvador Allende, the President of Chile?
(a) He led a government elected by the people.
(b) He overthrew the elected government.
(c) He was always helping the land lords and the rich.
(d) He was pro-church and the church supported him.
- Q15 The Poland United Worker's Party was a :
(a) Democratic Party
(b) Communist Party
(c) Liberal Party
(d) Conservative Party
- Q16 When a state does not have any official religion, it is called a :
(a) sovereign state
(b) democratic state
(c) secular state
(d) republican state
- Q17 Which of the following is an examples of working capital?
(a) Raw Material and Money
(b) Tools and Buildings
(c) Land and Labours
(d) Machines and Tools
- Q18 Which class of society in France was behind the French Revolution ?
(a) Clergy (b) Nobility
(c) Middle class (d) Small Peasants

- Q19 Seasonal and disguised unemployment is very common in which parts of India ?
- (a) Rural areas
 - (b) Urban areas
 - (c) Metropolitan cities
 - (d) Coastal areas.
- Q20 Which one of the following statements is TRUE about health sector in India ?
- (a) A healthy person becomes a liability for an organization
 - (b) Our National Policy aims at improving the accessibility of health care
 - (c) Improvement of health status is not a priority
 - (d) The present health structure available in India is sufficient for its population.
- Q21 Which one of the following was exempted from paying taxes to the state and enjoyed feudal privileges ?
- (a) Members of third Estate (b) Nobels
 - (c) Soldiers (d) Peasants
- Q22 Which one of the following states does not share common border with Bangladesh ?
- (a) West Bengal (b) Meghalaya
 - (c) Tripura (d) Manipur
- Q23 Which one amongst the following rivers forms estuaries ?
- (a) Ganga (b) Indus
 - (c) Narmada (d) Kaveri
- Q24 For whose help had President Allende taken several policy decisions ?
- (a) Party members (b) Family members
 - (c) Poor and the workers (d) Women

- Q25 Which one of the following is not a characteristic of democracy ?
(a) People choose their rulers (b) People have freedom to express their views.
(c) Trade unions are not allowed (d) Strikes are not banned
- Q26 On what charge was Nelson Mandela tried by the white South African government ?
(a) Treason (b) Cheating
(c) Murder (d) Spreading of violence
- Q27 Which is the best way to expand non-farm activities in a village ?
(a) To have better means of transport
(b) Loan to be made available at low interest
(c) To have markets where the goods produced can be sold
(d) All the above
- Q28 Which one of the following is Not an effect of unemployment ?
(a) Wastage of manpower resource
(b) Depressed economy
(c) Decrease in economic overload
(d) Feeling of hopelessness

WORKSHEET -2

1. Why is human resource considered to be the best resource? Explain.
2. How can one grow more than one crop on the same piece of land? Explain.
3. How did Japan become a developed country ? Explain.
4. Why are farmers of Palampur able to grow different crops in a year ? Explain
5. What is unemployment ? How does it affect our economy ?
6. In which states was the modern farming method tried out first by the farmers ? State any two features. Modern farming method.
7. Explain the importance of education in our day to day life.
8. Why are women employed in low paid work ? State any three reasons

9. What is the main aim of production ? Explain the four factors of production
10. "Improvement in the health status of the population is our national priority".
Support the statement with any five suitable arguments.
11. State the four requirements for production of goods and services. Explain the features of any one.
12. 'Despite being poor in natural resources, Japan is a developed country.'
Explain any three reasons.
13. state any five arguments which are given against democracy.
14. Explain any five measures adopted by Hitler to establish Dictatorship in Germany.
15. Name most famous and important society formed by women in France. What was their demand. How did revolutionary government help them to improve their lives.
16. Define the terms: (a) Subcontinent (b) Indian Standard Time
17. Which was the important law that came into effect soon after the storming of the Bastille in the summer of 1789. How did it change the lives of the common people? Explain.
- 18** Reason out why the difference between the duration of day and night is hardly felt at Kanyakumari but it is not so in Kashmir.
- 19 Which is the southern-most point of the Indian Union?
- 20 Give reasons: Why India is often referred to as a subcontinent?
- 21: Why $82^{\circ}30'E$ has been selected as the Standard Meridian of India?