## Class 7

## Important Formulas

## Chapter 12 - Algebraic Expressions

1. The letters which are used to represent numbers are called literal numbers or literals.
2. The literal numbers themselves as well as the combinations of literal numbers and numbers obey all the rules (and signs) of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of numbers along with the properties of these operations.
3. $x \times y=x y, 5 \times x=5 x, 1 \times x=x, x \times 4=4 x$.
4. $a \times a \times \ldots \times 12$ times $=a^{12}, y \times y \times \ldots . \times 15$ times $=y^{15}$.
5. In $x^{9}, 9$ is called the index or exponent and x is called the base. In $a^{5}$, the index or exponent is 5 and the base is a.
6. A symbol having a fixed numerical value is called a constant.
7. A symbol which takes various numerical values is called a variable.
8. A combination of constants and variables connected by the signs of fundamental operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division is called an algebraic expression.
9. Various parts of an algebraic expression which are separated by the signs of ' + ' or ' - ' are called the terms of the expression.
10. An algebraic expression is called a monomial, a binomial, a trinomial, a quadrinomial according as it contains one term, two terms, three terms and four terms respectively.
11. Each term in an algebraic expression is a product of one or more number(s) and/or literal number(s). These number(s) and or literal number(s) are known as the factors of that term.
12. A term of the expression having no literal factor is called a constant term.
13. In a term of an algebraic expression any of the factors with the sign of the term is called the coefficient of the product of the factors.
14. The terms having the same literal factors are called like or similar terms.
15. The terms not having same literal factors are called unlike or dissimilar terms.
16. The sum or difference of several like terms is another like term whose coefficient is the sum or difference of those like terms.
17. In adding or subtracting algebraic expressions, we collect different groups of like terms and find the sum or difference of like terms in each group.
18. To subtract an expression from another, we change the sign (from + ' to' - ' and from ' - ' to + ) of each term of the expression to be subtracted and then add the two expressions.
19. When a grouping symbol preceded by ' sign is removed or inserted, then the sign of each term of the corresponding expression is changed (from ' + ' to ' - ' and from ' - ' to + ').

## NCERT Solutions For Class 7 Maths

Class 7 Maths Chapter 1 Integers

- Class 7 Integers Ex 1.1
- Class 7 Integers Ex 1.2
- Integers Class 7 Exercise 1.3
- Integers Class 7 Exercise 1.4


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 2 Fractions and Decimals

- Fractions and Decimals Class 7 Ex 2.1
- Fractions and Decimals Class 7 Ex 2.2
- Fractions and Decimals Class 7 Ex 2.3
- Fractions and Decimals Class 7 Ex 2.4
- Fractions and Decimals Class 7 Exercise 2.5
- Fractions and Decimals Class 7 Exercise 2.6
- Fractions and Decimals Class 7 Exercise 2.7


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 3 Data Handling

- Data Handling Class 7 Ex 3.1
- Data Handling Class 7 Ex 3.2
- Data Handling Class 7 Exercise 3.3
- Data Handling Class 7 Exercise 3.4


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 4 Simple Equations

- Simple Equations Class 7 Ex 4.1
- Simple Equations Class 7 Ex 4.2
- Simple Equations Class 7 Exercise 4.3
- Simple Equations Class 7 Exercise 4.4


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 5 Lines and Angles

- Lines and Angles Class 7 Ex 5.1
- Lines and Angles Class 7 Exercise 5.2


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 6 The Triangle and Its Properties

- The Triangle and Its Properties Class 7 Ex 6.1
- The Triangle and Its Properties Class 7 Ex 6.2
- The Triangle and Its Properties Class 7 Exercise 6.3
- The Triangle and Its Properties Class 7 Exercise 6.4
- The Triangle and Its Properties Class 7 Exercise 6.5


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 7 Congruence of Triangles

- Congruence of Triangles Class 7 Ex 7.1
- Congruence of Triangles Class 7 Ex 7.2


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 8 Comparing Quantities

- Comparing Quantities Class 7 Ex 8.1
- Comparing Quantities Class 7 Ex 8.2
- Comparing Quantities Class 7 Exercise 8.3


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 9 Rational Numbers

- Rational Numbers Class 7 Ex 9.1
- Rational Numbers Class 7 Ex 9.2


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 10 Practical Geometry

- Practical Geometry Class 7 Ex 10.1
- Practical Geometry Class 7 Ex 10.2
- Practical Geometry Class 7 Ex 10.3
- Practical Geometry Class 7 Exercise 10.4
- Practical Geometry Class 7 Exercise 10.5


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 11 Perimeter and Area

- Perimeter and Area Class 7 Ex 11.1
- Perimeter and Area Class 7 Ex 11.2
- Perimeter and Area Class 7 Exercise 11.3
- Perimeter and Area Class 7 Exercise 11.4


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 12 Algebraic Expressions

- Algebraic Expressions Class 7 Ex 12.1
- Algebraic Expressions Class 7 Ex 12.2
- Algebraic Expressions Class 7 Exercise 12.3
- Algebraic Expressions Class 7 Exercise 12.4


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 13 Exponents and Powers

- Exponents and Powers Class 7 Ex 13.1
- Exponents and Powers Class 7 Ex 13.2
- Exponents and Powers Class 7 Exercise 13.3


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 14 Symmetry

- Symmetry Class 7 Ex 14.1
- Symmetry Class 7 Ex 14.2
- Class 7 Symmetry Exercise 14.3


## Class 7 Maths Chapter 15 Visualising Solid Shapes

- Visualising Solid Shapes Class 7 Ex 15.1
- Visualising Solid Shapes Class 7 Ex 15.2
- Visualising Solid Shapes Class 7 Exercise 15.3
- Visualising Solid Shapes Class 7 Exercise 15.4


## RD Sharma Class 7 Solutions

Chapter 1: Integers<br>Chapter 2: Fractions<br>Chapter 3: Decimals<br>Chapter 4: Rational Numbers<br>Chapter 5: Operations on Rational Numbers<br>Chapter 6: Exponents<br>Chapter 7: Algebraic Expressions<br>Chapter 8: Linear Equations in One Variable<br>Chapter 9: Ration And Proportion<br>Chapter 10: Unitary Method<br>Chapter 11: Percentage<br>Chapter 12: Profit and Loss<br>Chapter 13: Simple Interest<br>Chapter 14: Lines and Angles<br>Chapter 15: Properties of Triangles<br>Chapter 16: Congruence<br>Chapter 17: Constructions<br>Chapter 18: Symmetry<br>Chapter 19: Visualising Solid Shapes<br>Chapter 20: Mensuration I<br>Chapter 21: Mensuration II<br>Chapter 22: Data Handling I (Collection and organisation of Data)<br>Chapter 23: Data Handling II (Central Values)<br>Chapter 24: Data Handling III (Construction of Bar Graphs)<br>Chapter 25: Data Handling IV (Probability)

