AIPMT - 2012 (Physics, Chemistry and Biology) Prelims (Code D)

Time: 3 hrs Total Marks: 800

General Instructions:

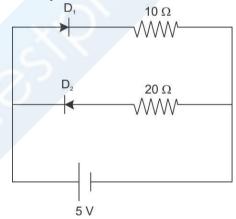
- 1. The Answer sheet is inside this Text booklet. When you are directed to open the text booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side 1 and side 2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of 3 hours duration and consists of 200 questions. Each question carries 3 marks. For each correct response the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted. The maximum marks are 800.
- 3. Use Blue / Black ball point pen only for writing particulars on this page / marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the text booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must handover the answer sheet to the invigilator in the room/ Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this text booklet with them.
- 6. Make sure that the CODE printed on side 2 of the answer sheet is the same as that on this booklet, In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the invigilator for the replacement of both the test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer sheet. Do not write your roll no. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test booklet / Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

Physics

- **1.** Electron in hydrogen atom first jumps from third excited state to second excited state and then from second excited to the first excited state. The ratio of the wavelength
 - $\lambda_1 : \lambda_2$ emitted in the two cases is
 - (1)7/5
 - (2) 27/20
 - (3)27/5
 - (4) 20/7

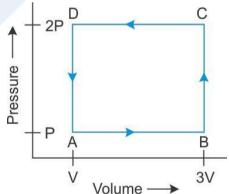
- **2.** When a string is divided into three segments of length $\frac{1}{1}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ the fundamental frequencies of these three segments are v₁, v₂ and v₃ respectively. The original fundamental frequency (v) of the string is
 - (1) $\sqrt{v} = \sqrt{v_1} + \sqrt{v_2} + \sqrt{v_3}$

 - (2) $v = v_1 + v_2 + v_3$ $1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1$ (3) $\frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{v_1} + \frac{1}{v_2} + \frac{1}{v_3}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} = \sqrt{1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{V}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{V}} + \sqrt{1} \sqrt{1} \sqrt{1}$
- 3. A 200 W sodium street lamp emits yellow light of wavelength 0.6 µm. Assuming it to be 25% efficient in converting electrical energy to light, the number of photons of yellow light it emits per second is
 - (1) 1.5×10^{20}
 - (2) 6×10^{18}
 - $(3) 62 \times 10^{20}$
 - (4) 3×10¹⁹
- 4. Two ideal diodes are connected to a battery as shown in the circuit. The current supplied by the battery is:



- (1) 0.75 A
- (2) zero
- (3) 0.25 A
- (4) 0.5 A
- **5.** When a mass is rotating in a plane about a fixed point, its angular momentum is directed along:
 - (1) the line perpendicular to the plane of rotation
 - (2) the line making an angle of 45° to the plane of rotation
 - (3) the radius
 - (4) the tangent to the orbit

- **6.** An electric dipole of moment 'p' is placed in an electric field of intensity 'E'. The dipole acquires a position such that the axis of the dipole makes an angle θ with the direction of the field. Assuming that the potential energy of the dipole to be zero when $\theta = 90^{\circ}$, the torque and the potential energy of the dipole will respectively be:
 - (1) p E $\sin\theta$, p E $\cos\theta$
 - (2) p E sin θ , 2 p E cos θ
 - (3) p E sin θ , 2 p E cos θ
 - (4) p E $\cos\theta$, p E $\cos\theta$
- 7. In a CE transistor amplifier, the audio signal voltage across the collector resistance of $2 \text{ k}\Omega$ is 2 V. If the base resistance is $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ and the current amplification of the transistor is 100, the input signal voltage is:
 - (1) 0.1 V
 - (2) 1.0 V
 - (3) 1 mV
 - (4) 10 mV
- **8.** A coil of resistance 400 Ω is placed in a magnetic field. If the magnetic flux ϕ (wb) linked with the coil varies with time t (sec) as $\phi = 50t^2 + 4$. The current in the coil at t = 2 sec is:
 - (1) 0.5A
 - (2) 0.1 A
 - (3) 2 A
 - (4) 1 A
- **9.** A thermodynamic system is taken through the cycle ABCD as shown in figure. Heat rejected by the gas during the cycle is:



- (1) 2 PV
- (2) 4 PV
- $^{(3)}$ 1 2 PV
- (4) PV

- **10.** If the nuclear radius of 27 Al is 3.6 fermi, the approximate nuclear radius of 64 Cu in fermi is:
 - (1) 2.4
 - (2) 1.2
 - (3)4.8
 - (4) 3.6
- 11. Two similar coils of radius R are lying concentrically with their planes at right angles to each other. The currents flowing in them are I and 2 I, respectively. The resultant magnetic field induction at the centre will be:
 - $(1)\frac{\sqrt{5} \, \mu_{_{0}} I}{2R}$ $(2)\frac{3\mu_{_{0}} I}{2R}$

 - $(3)\frac{\mu_0}{2R}$
 - $(4) \mu_{R^0} I$
- **12.** The potential energy of particle in a force field is, U = A B, r

where A and B are positive constants and r is the distance of particle from the centre of the field. For stable equilibrium, the distance of the particle is:

- (1) B / 2A
- (2) 2A / B
- (3) A / B
- (4) B / A
- 13. When a biconvex lens of glass having refractive index 1.47 is dipped in a liquid, it acts as a plane sheet of glass. This implies that the liquid must have refractive index:
 - (1) equal to that of glass
 - (2) less than one
 - (3) greater than that of glass
 - (4) less than that of glass

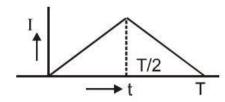
14. The horizontal range and the maximum height of a projectile are equal. The angle of projection of the projectiles is:

(1)
$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (2) $\theta = \tan^{-1}(4)$
- (3) $\theta = \tan^{-1}(2)$
- (4) $\theta = 45^{\circ}$
- **15.** In an electrical circuit R, L, C and an a.c. voltage source are all connected in series. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between the voltage and the current in the circuit is $\pi/3$. If instead, C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\pi/3$. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}$
 - (3)1
 - (4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- **16.** If the radius of a star is R and it acts as a black body, what would be the temperature of the star, in which the rate of energy production is Q?
 - (1) $Q/4\pi R^2\sigma$
 - (2) $(Q/4\pi R^2\sigma)^{-1/2}$
 - (3) $(4\pi R^2 Q/\sigma)^{1/4}$
 - (4) $(Q/4\pi R^2\sigma)^{1/4}$

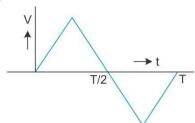
(σ stands for Stefan's constant)

17. The current (I) in the inductance is varying with time according to the plot shown in figure.

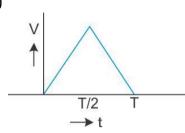


Which one of the following is the correct variation of voltage with time in the coil?

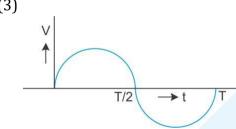
(1)



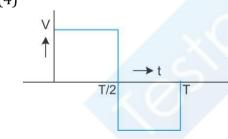
(2)



(3)



(4)

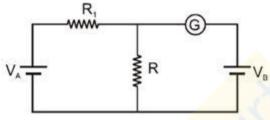


- 18. A milli voltmeter of 25 milli volt range is to be converted into an ammeter of 25 ampere range. The value (in ohm) of necessary shunt will be:
 - (1) 0.001
 - (2) 0.01
 - (3)1
 - (4) 0.05
- **19.** Two persons of masses 55 kg and 65 kg respectively, are at the opposite ends of a boat. The length of the boat is 3.0 m and weighs 100 kg. The 55 kg man walks up to the 65 kg man and sits with him. If the boat is in still water the centre of mass of the system shifts by:
 - (1) 3.0 m
 - (2) 2.3 m
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.75 m

- **20.** A mixture consists of two radioactive materials A₁ and A₂ with half lives of 20 s and 10 s respectively. Initially the mixture has 40 g of A₁ and 160 g of A₂. The amount of the two in the mixture will become equal after:
 - (1)60 s
 - (2)80s
 - (3) 20 s
 - (4) 40 s
- **21.**C and Si both have same lattice structure, having 4 bonding electrons in each. However, C is insulator where as Si is intrinsic semiconductor. This is because:
 - (1) In case of C the valence band is not completely filled at absolute zero temperature.
 - (2) In case of C the conduction band is partly filled even at absolute zero temperature.
 - (3) The four bonding electrons in the case of C lie in the second orbit, whereas in the case of Si they lie in the third.
 - (4) The four bonding electrons in the case of C lie in the third orbit, whereas for Si they lie in the fourth orbit.
- **22.** The height at which the weight of a body becomes 1/16th, its weight on the surface of Earth (radius R), is:
 - (1)5R
 - (2) 15R
 - (3) 3R
 - (4)4R
- **23.** An electron of a stationary hydrogen atom passes from the fifth energy level to the ground level. The velocity that the atom acquired as a result of photon emission will be:
 - (1) 24hR_{25m}
 - (2) $\frac{25hR}{24m}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{24h}$ R²⁵m
 - (4) $25hR^{24m}$

(m is the mass of the electron, R is the Rydberg constant and h is the Planck's constant)

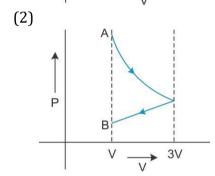
- **24.** A compass needle which is allowed to move in a horizontal plane is taken to a geomagnetic pole. It:
 - (1) will become rigid showing no movement
 - (2) will stay in any position
 - (3) will stay in north-south direction only
 - (4) will stay in east-west direction only
- **25.** In the circuit shown the cells A and B have negligible resistances. For $V_A = 12 \text{ V}$, $R_1 = 500 \Omega$ and $R = 100 \Omega$ the galvanometer (G) shows no deflection. The value of V_B is:

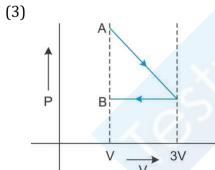


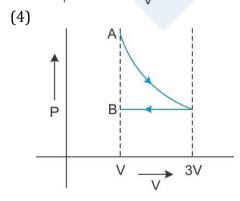
- (1) 4 V
- (2) 2 V
- (3) 12 V
- (4) 6 V
- **26.** Four point charges Q, -q, 2q and 2Q are placed, one at each corner of the square. The relation between Q and q for which the potential at the centre of the square is zero is:
 - (1) Q = -q
 - (2) $Q = -\frac{1}{q}$
 - (3) Q = q
 - (4) $Q = \frac{1}{q}$
- **27.**A car of mass 1000 kg negotiates a banked curve of radius 90 m on a frictionless road. If the banking angle is 45°, the speed of the car is:
 - $(1) 20 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
 - $(2) 30 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
 - $(3) 5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
 - $(4) 10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- **28.** A solid cylinder of mass 3 kg is rolling on a horizontal surface with velocity 4ms⁻¹. It collides with a horizontal spring of force constant 200 Nm⁻¹. The maximum compression produced in the spring will be:
 - (1) 0.5 m
 - (2) 0.6 m
 - (3) 0.7 m
 - (4) 0.2 m

29.One mole of an ideal gas goes from an initial state A to final state B via two processes: It first undergoes isothermal expansion from volume V to 3V and then its volume is reduced from 3V to V at constant pressure. The correct P-V diagram representing the two processes is :

(1) B A A 3V

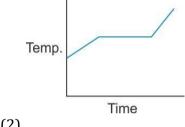




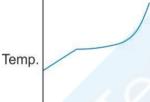


- **30.** Two spheres A and B of masses m₁ and m₂ respectively collide. A is at rest initially and B is moving with velocity v along x-axis. After collision B has a velocity v/2 in a direction perpendicular to the original direction. The mass A moves after collision in the direction:
 - (1) same as that of B
 - (2) Opposite to that of B
 - (3) $\theta = \tan^{-1}(1/2)$ to the x-axis
 - (4) $\theta = \tan^{-1}(-1/2)$ to the x-axis
- **31.** Liquid oxygen at 50 K is heated to 300 K at constant pressure of 1 atm. The rate of heating is constant. Which one of the following graphs represents the variation of temperature with time?





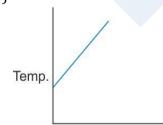




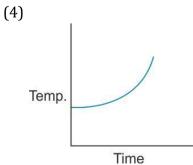
Time

Time









32. An alternating electric field of frequency v_i is applied across the dees (radius = R) of a cyclotron that is being used to accelerate protons (mass = m). The operating magnetic field (B) used in the cyclotron and the kinetic energy (K) of the proton beam produced by it, are given by:

(1)
$$B = \frac{m^{\nu}}{m^{\nu}}$$
 and $K = 2m\pi^2 \nu^2 R^2$

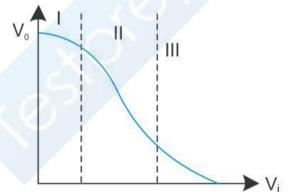
(2)
$$B = \frac{e}{2\pi m \nu}$$
 and $K = m_2 \pi \nu R_2$

(3)
$$B = \frac{e}{2\pi m^{\nu}}$$
 and $K = 2m\pi_2 \nu_2 R_2$
(4) $B = \frac{m^{\nu}}{e}$ and $K = m\pi\nu R^2$

(4)
$$B = \frac{mV}{e}$$
 and $K = m\pi v R^2$

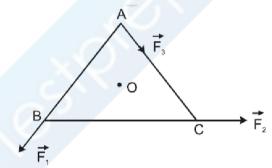
- **33.** A spherical planet has a mass M_P and diameter D_P. A particle of mass m falling freely near the surface of this planet will experience an acceleration due to gravity, equal to:
 - $(1) 4GMp/D_p^2$
 - (2) GM_pm/D_p^2
 - (3) GM_p/D_p^2
 - (4) $4GM_{pm}/D_{p}^{2}$
- **34.** A ray of light is incident at an angle of incidence i, on one face of prism of angle A (assumed to be small) and emerges normally from the opposite face. If the refractive index of the prism is μ , the angle of incidence i is nearly equal to:
 - $(1) \mu A$
 - $(2)^{\mu A}_{2}$
 - (3) $\overline{\mu}^A$
 - (4) $2^A \mu$
- **35.** The damping force on an oscillator is directly proportional to the velocity. The units of the constant of proportionality are:
 - $(1) \text{ Kgms}^{-1}$
 - $(2) \text{ Kgms}^{-2}$
 - (3) Kgs^{-1}
 - (4) kgs

- **36.**A concave mirror of focal length 'f1' is placed at a distance of 'd' from a convex lens of focal length 'f2'. A beam of light coming from infinity and falling on this convex lens concave mirror combination returns to infinity. The distance 'd' must equal:
 - $(1) f_1 + f_2$
 - $(2) f_1 + f_2$
 - $(3) 2f_1+f_2$
 - $(4) -2f_1+f_2$
- **37.** A geostationary satellite is orbiting the Earth at a height of 5R above that surface of the Earth, R being the radius of the Earth. The time period of another satellite in hours at a height of 2R from the surface of the Earth is:
 - (1)5
 - (2) 10
 - (3) $6\sqrt{2}$
 - $(4) \frac{6}{\sqrt{}}$
- **38.** Transfer characteristics [output voltage (V₀) vs input voltage (V_i)] for a base biased transistor in CE configuration is as shown in the figure. For using transistor as a switch, it is used:



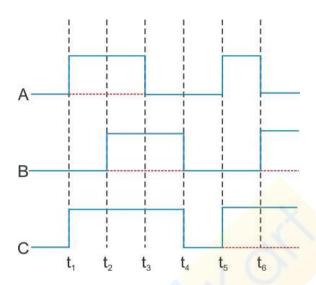
- (1) In region III
- (2) Both in region (I) and (III)
- (3) In region II
- (4) In region I
- **39.** If voltage across a bulb rated 220 volt 100 watt drops by 2.5% of its rated value, the percentage of the rated value by which the power would decrease is:
 - (1) 20%
 - (2) 2.5%
 - (3) 5%
 - (4) 10 %

- **40.** A particle has initial velocity $(\vec{2}i + \vec{3}j)$ and acceleration $(\vec{0.3}i + \vec{0.2}j)$. The magnitude of velocity after 10 seconds will be:
 - (1) $9\sqrt{2}$ units
 - (2) $5\sqrt{2}$ units
 - (3) 5 Units
 - (4) 9 Units
- **41.** Monochromatic radiation emitted when electron on hydrogen atom jumps from first excited state to the ground state irradiates a photosensitive material. The stopping potential is measured to be 3.57 V. The threshold frequency of the materials is:
 - (1) $4 \times 10^{15} \text{Hz}$
 - (2) $5 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$
 - (3) 1.6×10^{15} Hz
 - (4) $2.5 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$
- **42.** ABC is an equilateral triangle with O as its centre. F_1 , F_2 and F_3 represents three forces acting along the sides AB, BC and AC respectively. If the total torque about O is zero the magnitude of F_3 is:



- (1) F_1+F_2
- (2) F₁-F₂
- $(3)^{\frac{F_1+F}{1}}2^2$
- $(4) 2 (F_1 + F_2)$

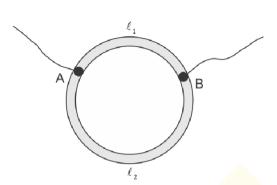
43. The figure shows a logic circuit with two inputs A and B and the output C. The voltage wave forms across A, B and C are as given. The logic circuit gate is:



- (1) OR gate
- (2) NOR gate
- (3) AND gate
- (4) NAND gate
- **44.** What is the flux through a cube of side 'a' if a point charge of q is at one of its corner?
 - (1) $\frac{2q}{\epsilon_0}$
 - (2) <u>q</u> 8ε₀
 - (3) $\frac{q}{\epsilon_0}$
 - $(4) \frac{q}{2\epsilon_0} 6a^2$
- **45.** An α particle moves in a circular path of radius 0.83 cm in the presence of a magnetic field of 0.25 Wb/m². The de Broglie wavelength associated with the particle will be:
 - (1) 1 Å
 - $(2) 0.1 \,\text{Å}$
 - (3) 10 Å
 - $(4) 0.01 \, \text{Å}$

- **46.** The electric field associated with an e.m. wave in vacuum is given by $\vec{E} = \hat{i} \cos (kz 6 \times 10^8 \, 40)$ i, where E, z and t are in volt/m, meter and seconds respectively. The value of wave vector k is:
 - $(1) 2m^{-1}$
 - (2) 0.5 m⁻¹
 - $(3)(3)6 \text{ m}^{-1}$
 - $(4)(4)3 \text{ m}^{-1}$
- **47.** The motion of a particle along a straight line is described by equation : $x = 8 + 12 t t^3$ Where x is in metre and t in second. The retardation of the particle when its velocity becomes zero, is:
 - $(1) 24 \text{ ms}^{-2}$
 - (2) Zero
 - (3) 6 ms⁻²
 - (4) 12 ms⁻²
- **48.** The magnifying power of a telescope is 9. When it is adjusted for parallel rays the distance between the objective and eyepiece is 20 cm. The focal length of lenses are:
 - (1) 10 cm, 10 cm
 - (2) 15 cm, 5 cm
 - (3) 18 cm, 2 cm
 - (4) 11 cm, 9 cm
- **49.** Two sources of sound placed close to each other are emitting progressive waves given by y_1 = 4 sin 600 π t and y_2 = 5 sin 608 π t. An observer located near these two sources of sound will hear:
 - (1) 4 beats per second with intensity ratio 25: 16 between waxing and waning.
 - (2) 8 beats per second with intensity ratio 25:16 between waxing and waning
 - (3) 8 beats per second with intensity ratio 81:1 between waxing and waning
 - (4) 4 beats per second with intensity ratio 81:1 between waxing and waning

50. A ring is made of a wire having a resistance R₀ = 12 Ω . Find the points A and B as shown in the figure, at which a current carrying conductor should be connected so that the resistance R of the sub circuit between these points is equal $\bar{\tau}_0$ 83 Ω .

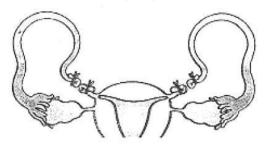


- $(1) \ \frac{\ell_1}{\ell} = \frac{5}{8}$
- $(2) \quad \frac{\ell^2}{\ell} = 1 \frac{1}{2}$
- $(3) \quad \frac{\ell^2}{\ell} = 3 \frac{1}{8}$
- (4) $\frac{\ell_{1}^{2}}{\ell_{2}} \frac{1}{2}$

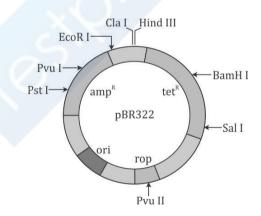
Biology

- **51.** Motile zygote of Plasmodium occurs in :
 - (1) Gut of female Anolpheles
 - (2) Salivary glands of Anopheles
 - (3) Human RBCs
 - (4) Human liver
- **52.** The human hind brain comprises three parts, one of which is:
 - (1) Spinal cord
 - (2) Corpus callosum
 - (3) Cerebellum
 - (4) Hypothalamus
- **53.** Which part of the human ear plays no role in hearing as such but is otherwise very much required?
 - (1) Eustachian tube
 - (2) Organ of corti
 - (3) Vestibular apparatus
 - (4) Ear ossicles
- **54.** The most abundant prokaryotes helpful to humans in making curd from milk and in production of antibiotics are the ones categorised as :
 - (1) Cyanobacteria
 - (2) Archaebacteria
 - (3) Chemosynthetic autotrophs
 - (4) Heterotrophic bacteria
- **55.** Which on of the following statements is false in respect of viability of mamalian sperm?
 - (1) Sperm is viable for only up to 24 hours.
 - (2) Survival of sperm depends on the pH of themedium and is more active in alkalinemedium.
 - (3) Viability of sperm is determined by its motility.
 - $\begin{tabular}{ll} (4) Sperms must be concentrated in a thick suspension \\ \end{tabular}$
- **56.** Evolution of different species in a given area starting from a point and spreading to other geographical areas is known as :
 - (1) Adaptive radiation
 - (2) Natural selection
 - (3) Migration
 - (4) Divergent evolution

57. What is the figure given below showing in particular?



- (1) Ovarian cancer
- (2) Uterine cancer
- (3) Tubectomy
- (4) Vasectomy
- **58.** In an area where DDT had been used extensively, the population of birds declined significantly because:
 - (1) birds stopped laying eggs
 - (2) earthy worms in the area got eradicated
 - (3) cobras were feeding exclusively on birds
 - (4) many of the birds laid, did not hatch
- **59.** The figure below is the diagrammatic representation of the E.Coli vector pBR 322. Which one of the given options correctly identifies its certain component (s)?



- $(1) \ ori \ \ orignal \ restriction \ enzyme$
- $\eqno(2)\ rop\text{-reduced osmotic pressure}$
- (3) Hind III, EcoRI selectablemarkers
- (4) ampR, tetR antibiotic resistance genes

60. The common bottle cork is a product of :
(1) Dermatogen
(2) Phellogen
(3) Xylem
(4) Vascular Cambium
61. Widal Test is carried out to test:
(1) Malaria
(2) Diabetes mellitus
(3) HIV/AIDS
(4) Typhoid fever
62. Which part would be most suitable for raising virus-free plants for micropropagation?
(1) Bark
(2) Vascular tissue
(3) Meristem
(4) Node
63. Which one of the following is a wrong statment?
(1) Most of the forests have been lost in tropical areas.
(2) Ozone in upper part of atmosphere is harmful to animals.
(3) Greenhouse effect is a natural phenomenon.
(4) Eutrophication is a natural phenomenon in freshwater bodies.
64. Companion cells are closely associated with:
(1) Sieve elements
(2) Vessel elements
(3) Trichomes
(4) Guard cells
65. Common cold differs from pneumonia in, that :
(1) Pneumonia is a communicable disease whereas the common cold is a nutritional
deficiency disease.
(2) Pneumonia can be prevented by a live attenuated bacterial vaccine whereas

(3) Pneumonia is caused by a virus while the common cold is caused by the bacterium

(4) Pneumonia pathogen infects alveoli whereas the common cold affects nose and

the common cold has noeffective vaccine.

respiratory passage but not the lungs.

Haemophilus influenzae.

(1) sugarcane roots
(2) decaying fallen leaves and soil organic matter.
(3) soil insects
(4) small pieces of fresh fallen leaves of maize, etc.
67. Removal of RNA polymerase III from nucleoplasm will affect the synthesis of :
(1) t RNA
(2) hn RNA
(3) m RNA
(4) r RNA
68. A process that makes important difference between C3 and C4 plants is:
(1) Transpiration
(2) Glycolysis
(3) Photosynthesis
(4) Photorespiration
69. PCR and Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism are the methods for :
(1) Study of enzymes
(2) Genetic transformation
(3) DNA sequencing
(4) Genetic Fingerprinting
70. Best defined function of Manganese in green plants is :
(1) Photolysis of water
(2) Calvin cycle
(3) Nitrogen fixation
(4) Water absorption
71. Measuring Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) is a method used for :
(1) estimating the amount of organic matter in sewage water.
(2) working out the efficiency of oil driven automobile engines.
(3) measuring the activity of Saccharomyces cerevisae in producing curd on a commercial scale.
(4) working out the efficiency of R.B.Cs. about their capacity to carry oxygen
72. Which one -of the following is not a part of a transcription unit in DNA?
(1) The inducer
(2) Aterminator
(3) Apromoter

(4) The structural gene

66. Pheretima and its close relatives derive nourishment from :

73. A certain road accident patient with unknown blood group needs immediate blood transfusion. His one doctor friend at once offers his blood. What was the blood group of the donor?(1) Blood group B(2) Blood group AB(3) Blood group 0
(4) Blood group A
74. Consumption of which one of the following foods can prevent the kind of blindness associated with vitamin'A' deficiency? (1) Flavor Saur' tomato

- (1) Flaver Savr' tomato
- (2) Canolla
- (3) Golden rice
- (4) Bt-Brinjal
- **75.** The maximum amount of electrolytes and water (70 80 percent) from the glomerular filtrate is reabsorbed in which part of the nephron?
 - (1) Ascending limb of loop of Henle
 - (2) Distal convoluted tubule
 - (3) Proximal convoluted tubule
 - (4) Descending limb of loop of Henle
- 76. Both, autogamy and geitonogamy are prevented in -
 - (1) Papaya
 - (2) Cucumber
 - (3) Castor
 - (4) Maize
- 77. Placentation in tomato and lemon is
 - (1) Parietal
 - (2) Free central
 - (3) Marginal
 - (4) Axile

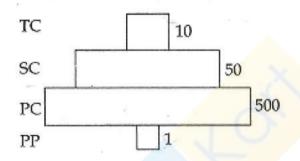
- **78.** A person entering an empty room suddenly finds a snake right in front on opening the door. Which one of the following is likely to happen in his neuro-hormonal control system?
 - (1) Sympathetic nervous system is activated releasing epinephrin and norepinephrin from adrenalmedulla.
 - (2) Neurotransmitters diffuse rapidly across the cleft and transmit a nerve impulse.
 - (3) Hypothalamus activates the parasympathetic division of brain.
 - (4) Sympathetic nervous system is activated releasing epinephrin and norepinephrin from adrenal cortex.
- **79.** Which one of the following is not a gaseous biogeochemical cycle in ecosystem?
 - (1) Sulphur cycle
 - (2) Phosphorus cycle
 - (3) Nitrogen cycle
 - (4) Carbon cycle
- **80.** A single strand of nucleic acid tagged with a radioactive molecule is called:
 - (1) Vector
 - (2) Selectable marker
 - (3) Plasmid
 - (4) Probe
- **81.** Which one of the following options gives one correct example each of convergent evolution and divergent evolution?

	ation and arvergent evolution.				
	Convergent evolution		Divergent evolution		
(1)	Eyes of octopus and		Bones of forelimbs of		
	mammals		vertebrates		
(2)	Thorns of Bougainvillia		Wings of butterflies and		
	and tendrils of Cucurbita		birds		
(3)	Bones of forelimbs of		Wings of butterfly and birds		
	vertebrates				
(4)	Thorns of Bougainvillia and		Eyes of Octopus and		
	tendrils Cucurbita		mammals		

- **82.** An organic substance that can withstand environmental extremes and cannot be degraded by any enzyme is :
 - (1) Cuticle
 - (2) Sporopollenin
 - (3) Lignin
 - (4) Cellulose

83. Cycas and Adiantum resemble each other in having:
(1) Seeds
(2) Motile Sperms
(3) Cambium
(4) Vessels
84. What was the most significant trend in the evolution of modern man (Homo
sapiens) from his ancestors?
(1) Shortening of jaws
(2) Binocular vision
(3) Increasing cranial capacity
(4) Upright posture
85. Cymose inflorescence is present in :
(1) Solanurn
(2) Sesbania
(3) Trifolium
(4) Brassica
86. Ribosomal RNA is actively synthesized in
(1) Lysosomes
(2) Nucleolus
(3) Nucleoplasm
(4) Ribosomes
87. During gamete formation, the enzyme recombinase participates during
(1) Metaphase - I
(2) Anaphase - II
(3) Prophase - I
(4) Prophase – II
88. Identify the possible link "A" in the following food chain :
$Plant \rightarrow insect \rightarrow frog \rightarrow "A" \rightarrow Eagle$
(1) Rabbit
(2) WoIf
(3) Cobra
(4) Parrot

- 89. Phyllode is present in:
 - (1) Asparagus
 - (2) Euphorbia
 - (3) Australian Acacia
 - (4) Opuntia
- **90.** Given below is an imaginary pyramid of numbers. What could be one of the possibilities about certain organisms at some of the different levels?



- (1) Level PC is "insects" and level SC is "small insectivorous birds".
- (2) Level PP is "phytoplanktons" in sea and "Whale" on top level TC
- (3) Level one PP is "pipal trees" and the level SC is "sheep".
- (4) Level PC is "rats" and level SC is "cats".
- **91.** Monascus purpureus is a yeast used commercially in the production of :
 - (1) ethanol
 - (2) streptokinase for removing clots from the blood vessels.
 - (3) Citric acid
 - (4) blood cholesterol lowering statins
- **92.** The correct sequence of cell organelles during photorespiration is :
 - (1) Chloroplast,-Golgibodies,-mitochondria
 - (2) Chloroplast,-RoughEndoplasmic reticulum, Dictyosomes
 - (3) Chloroplast,-mitochondria,-peroxisome
 - (4) Chloroplast,-vacuole,-peroxisome
- **93.**Which one of the following is correctly matched?
 - (1) Passive transport of nutrients -ATP
 - (2) Apoplast Plasmodesmata
 - (3) Potassium Readily immobilisation
 - (4) Bakane of rice seedlings F. Skoog

94	 14. A normal– visioned man whose father was colour– blind, marries a woman whose father was also colour– blind. They have their first child as a daughter. what are the chance that this child would be colour– blind? (1) 100% (2) zero percent (3) 25% (4) 50 %
9!	95. Signals for parturition originate from :
	(1) Both placenta as well as fully developed foetus
	(2) Oxytocin released from maternal pituitary
	(3) Placenta only
	(4) Fully developed foetus only
90	 26. A patient brought to a hospital with myocardial infarction is normally immediately given: (1) Penicillin (2) Streptokinase (3) Cyclosporin-A (4) Statins
9'	77. Which one of the following is not a property of cancerous cells whereas the remaining three are?
	(1) They compete with normal cells for vital nutrients.
	(2) They do not remain confined in the area of formation.
	(3) They divide in an uncontrolledmanner
	(4) They show contact inhibition.
98	98. The gynoecium consists of many free pistils in flowers of
- 1	(1) Aloe
98	(2) They do not remain confined in the area of formation.(3) They divide in an uncontrolledmanner(4) They show contact inhibition.28. The gynoecium consists of many free pistils in flowers of

99. Which one of the following is not a functional unit of an ecosystem

(2) Tomato(3) Papaver(4) Michelia

(1) Energy flow(2) Decomposition(3) Productivity(4) Stratification

- **100.** In a normal pregnant woman, the amount of total gonadotropin activity was assessed. The result expected was
 - (1) High level of circulating FSH and LH in the uterus to stimulate implantation of the embyro
 - (2) High level of circulatting HCG to stimulate endometrial thickening
 - (3) High level of FSH and LH in uterus to stimulate endometrical thickening
 - (4) High level of circulating HCG to stimulate estrogen and progesterone synthesis
- **101.** Which one of the following areas in India, is a hotspot of biodiversity
 - (1) Eastern Ghats
 - (2) Gangetic Plain
 - (3) Sunderbans
 - (4) Western Ghats
- **102.** Which one of the following is a correct statement
 - (1) Pteridophyte gametophyte has a protonemal and leafy stage
 - (2) In gymnosperms female gametophyte is free-living
 - (3) Antheridiophores and archegoniophores are present in pteridophytes.
 - (4) Origin of seed habit can be traced in pteridophytes
- **103.** Which one of the following does not differ in E.coli and Chlamydomonas
 - (1) Ribosomes
 - (2) Chromosomal Organization
 - (3) Cell wall
 - (4) Cellmembrane
- 104. The cycanobacteria are also referred to as
 - (1) proists
 - (2) golden algae
 - (3) Slime moulds
 - (4) blue green algae
- **105.** The test-tube BabyProgramme employs which one of the following techniques
 - (1) Intra cytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI)
 - (2) Intra uterine insemination (IUI)
 - (3) Gamete intra fallopian transfer (GIET)
 - (4) Zygote intra fallopian transfer (ZIFT)

- **106.** Which one of the following is a case of wrong matching
 - (1) Somatic hybridization Fusion of two diverse cells
 - (2) Vector DNA -Site for t-RNA synthesis.
 - (3) Micropropagation In vitro production of plants in large numbers.
 - (4) Callus Unorganised mass of cell produced in tissue culture
- **107.** The highest number of species in the world is represented by
 - (1) Fungi
 - (2) Mosses
 - (3) Algae
 - (4) Lichens
- **108.** In which one of the following options the two examples are correctly matched with their particular type of immunity

	Examples	Type of immunity
(1)	Polymorphonuclear leukocytes and mono cytes	Cellular barriers
(2)	Anti-tetanus and anti – snake bite injection	Active immunity
(3)	Saliva in mouth and Tears in eyes	Physical barriers
(4)	Mucus coating of epithelium lining the urnogenital tract and the HCl in stomach	Pysiological barriers

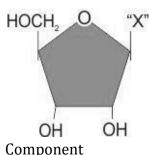
- **109.** Which one of the following is wrong statement
 - (1) Anabaena and Nostoc are capable of fixing nitrogen in free living state also.
 - (2) Root nodule forming nitrogen fixers live as aerobes under free-living conditions.
 - (3) Phosphorus is a constituent of cell membranes, certain nucleic acids and cell proteins.
 - (4) Nitrosomonas ans Nitrobacter are chemoautotrophs.
- **110.** Anxiety and eating spicy food together in an otherwise normal human, may lead to
 - (1) Indigestion
 - (2) Jaundice
 - (3) Diarrhoea
 - (4) Vomiting

- **111.** The Leydig cells found in the human body are the secretory source of
 - (1) Progesterone
 - (2) intestinal mucus
 - (3) glucagon
 - (4) androgens
- **112.** Compared to those of humans, the erythrocytes in frog are
 - (1) Without nucleus but with haemoglobin
 - (2) nucleated and with haemoglobin
 - (3) verymuch smaller and fewer
 - (4) nucleated and without haemoglobin.
- **113.** In which one of the following the genus name, its two charcters and its phylum are not correctly matched, whereas the remaining three are correct

	Genus name		Two Characters	Phylum
(1)	Pila	(a)	Body Semented	Mollusca
		(b)	Mouth with Radual	
(2)	Asterias	(a)) Spiny skinned Echinoer	
		(b)	Water vascular system	
(3)	Sycon	(a)	Pore bearing	Porifera
	10	(b)	Canal system	
(4)	Periplaneta	(a)	Jointed appendages	Arthropoda
		(b)	Chitinous exoskeleton	

- **114.** What is true about ribosomes
 - (1) The prodkaryotic ribosomes are 80S, where "S" stands for sedimentation coefficient
 - (2) These are composed of ribonucleic acid and proteins
 - (3) These are found only in eukaryotic cells
 - (4) These are self-splicing introns of some RNAs.
- **115.** Cirrhosis of liver is caused by the chronic intake of
 - (1) Opium
 - (2) Alcohol
 - (3) Tobacco (Chewing)
 - (4) Cocaine

- 116. Which one is a true statement regarding DNA polymerase used in PCR
 - (1) It is used to ligate introduced DNA in recipient cell
 - (2) It serves as a selectable marker
 - (3) It is isolated from a virus
 - (4) It remains active at high temperature
- **117.** Which statement is wrong for viruses
 - (1) All are parasites
 - (2) All of them have helical symmetry
 - (3) They have ability ot synthesize nucleic acids and proteins
 - (4) (4) Antibiotics have no effect on them
- **118.** Which one of the following is correctlymatched
 - (1) Onion Bulb
 - (2) Ginger Sucker
 - (3) Chlamydomonas Conidia
 - (4) Yeast Zoospores
- **119.** How many plants in the list given below have composite fruits that develop from an inflorescence
 - (1) Four
 - (2) Five
 - (3) Two
 - (4) Three
- **120.** Given below is the diagrammatic representation of one of the categories of small molecular weight organic compounds in the living tissues. Identify the category shown and the one blank component "X" in it.



	Category	Compone
(1)	Cholesterol	Guanin
(2)	Amino acid	NH2
(3)	Nucleotide	Adenine
(4)	Nucleoside	Uracil

121. Which one of the following microbes forms symbiotic association with plants and helps them in their nutrition?
(1) Azotobacter
(2) Aspergillus
(3) Glomus
(4) Trichoderma
 122. The extinct human who lived 1,00,000 to 40,000 years ago, in Europe, Asia and parts of Africa, with short stature, heavy eyebrows, retreating fore haeds, large jaws with heavy teeth, stocky bodies, a lumbering gait and stooped posture was Hamo habilis Neanderthal human Cro-magnan humans Ramapithecus
123. If one strand of DNA has the nitrogenous base sequence at ATCTG, what would be the complementary RNA strand sequence
(1) TTAGU
(2) UAGAC
(3) AACTG
(4) ATCGU
 124. Which one of the following pairs of hormones are the examples of those that can easily pass through the cell membrane of the target cell and bind to a receptor inside it (Mostly in the nucleus) (1) Insulin, glucagon (2) Thyroxin, insulin (3) Somatostain, oxytocin
(4) Cortisol, testosterone
125. Nuclear mebrane is absent in
(1) Penicillium
(2) Agaricus
(3) Volvox
(4) Nostoc
126. Which one is the most abundant protein in the animal world
(1) Trypsin
(2) Hemoglobin
(3) Collagen
(4) Insulin

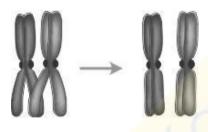
- **127.** Which one of the following is common to multicellular fungi, filamentous algae and protonema of mosses
 - (1) Diplontic life cycle
 - (2) Members of kingdom plantae
 - (3) Mode of Nutrition
 - (4) Multiplication by fragmentation
- **128.** Which one single organism or the pair of organisms is correctly assigned ot its or their named taxonomic group
 - (1) Paramecium and Plasmodium belong to the same kingdom as that of Penicillium
 - (2) Lichen is a composite organism formed form the symbiotic association of an algae and a protozoan
 - (3) yeast used in making bread and beer is a fungus
 - (4) Nostoc and Anabaena are examples of protista
- **129.** Even in absence of pollinating agents seed setting is assured in
 - (1) Commellina
 - (2) Zostera
 - (3) Salvia
 - (4) Fig
- **130.** Yeast is used in the production of
 - (1) Citric acid and lactic acid
 - (2) Lipase and pecinase
 - (3) Bread and beer
 - (4) Cheese and butter
- **131.** Which one out of A-D given below correctly respresents the structural formula of the basic amino acid

A	В	С	D
NH ₂	NH ₂	CH ₂ OH CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂	NH ₂ H — C — COOH CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂

- (1)C(2) D(3)A(4) B (1) Pond
- **132.** The upright pyramid of number is absent in

 - (2) Forest
 - (3) Lake
 - (4) Grassland
- **133.** What is correct to say about the hormone action in humans
 - (1) Glucagon is secreted by cells of Islets of Langerhans and stimulates glycogenolysis
 - (2) Secretion of thymosins is stimulated with aging
 - (3) In females FSH first binds with specific receptors on ovarian cellmembrane
 - (4) FSH stimulates the secretion of estrogen and progesterone
- **134.** Closed vascular bundles lack
 - (1) Ground tissue
 - (2) conjunctive tissue
 - (3) Cambium
 - (4) Pith
- **135.** Which one of the following is the correct statement for respiration in human
 - (1) Cigarette smoking may lead of inflammation of bronchi
 - (2) Neural signals from pneumotaxic centre in pons region of brain can increase the duration of inspiration
 - (3) Workers in grinding and stone breaking industries may suffer, from lung fibrosis
 - (4) About 90% of carbon dioxide (CO2) is carried by haemoglobin as carbamino haemoglobin
- **136.** Removal of introns and joining of exons in a defined order during transcription is called:
 - (1) Looping
 - (2) Inducing
 - (3) Slicing
 - (4) Splicing

- **137.** F2 generation in a Mendelian cross showed that both genotypic and phenotypic ratios are same as 1: 2: 1. It represents a case of:
 - (1) Co-dominance
 - (2) Dihybrid cross
 - (3) Monohybrid cross with complete dominance
 - (4) Monohybrid cross with incomplete dominance
- **138.** Given below is the representation of a certain event at a particular stage of a type of cell division. Which is this stage?



- (1) Prophase I during meiosis
- (2) Prophase II during meiosis
- (3) Prophase of Mitosis
- (4) Both prophase and metaphase of mitosis
- **139.** People who have migrated from the planes to an area adjoining Rohatang Pass about six months back :
 - (1) havemore RBCs and their haemoglobin has a lower binding affinity to 02.
 - (2) are not physically fit to play games like football.
 - (3) suffer from altitude sickness with symptoms like nausea, fatigue, etc.
 - (4) have the usual RBC count but their haemoglobin has very high binding affinuty to 02.
- **140.** For transformation,micro-particles coated with DNA to be bombarded with gene gun aremade up of :
 - (1) Silver or Platinum
 - (2) Platinum or Zinc
 - (3) Silicon or Platinum
 - (4) Gold or Tungsten
- **141.** A nitrogen-fixing microbe associated with Azolla in rice fields is:
 - (1) Spirulina
 - (2) Anabaena
 - (3) Frankia
 - (4) Tolypothrix

- **142.** Select the correct statement regarding the specific disorder of muscular or skeletal system:-
 - (1) Muscular dystrophy age related shortening or muscles.
 - (2) Osteoporosis decrease in bone mass and higher chance of fractures with advancing age.
 - (3) Myasthenia gravis Auto immune disorder which inhibits sliding of myosin filaments
 - (4) Gout inflammation of joints due to extra deposition of calcium.
- **143.** Water containing cavities in vascular bundles are found in:
 - (1) Sunflower
 - (2) Maize
 - (3) Cycas
 - (4) Pinus
- **144.** Select the correct statement from the following regarding cellmembrane.
 - (1) Na+ and K+ ions move across cell membrane by passive transport
 - (2) Proteins make up 60 to 70% of the cell membrane.
 - (3) Lipids are arranged in a bilayer with polar heads towards the inner part.
 - (4) Fluid mosaic model of cell membrane was proposed by Singer and Nicolson
- **145.** Gymnosperms are also called soft wood spermatophytes because they lack:
 - (1) Cambium
 - (2) Phloem fibres
 - (3) Thick-walled tracheids
 - (4) Xylem fibres
- **146.** The coconut water and the edible part of coconut are equivalent to :
 - (1) Endosperm
 - (2) Endocarp
 - (3) Mesocarp
 - (4) Embryo
- **147.** Vexillary aestivation is characteristic of the family
 - (1) Fabaceae
 - (2) (2) Asteraceae
 - (3) Solanaceae
 - (4) Brassicaceae

- **148.** Which one of the following is an example of carrying out biological control of pests/diseases using microbes?
 - (1) Trichoderma sp. against certain plant pathogens
 - (2) Nucleopolyhedrovirus against white rust in Brassica
 - (3) Bt cotton to increase contton yield
 - (4) Lady bird beetle against aphids in mustard
- **149.** Select the correct statement from the ones given below with respect to *Periplaneta americana*.
 - (1) Nervous system located dorsally, consists of segmentally arranged ganglia joined by a pair of longitudinal connectives.
 - (2) Males bear a pair of short thread like anal styles.
 - (3) There are 16 very long Malpighian tubules present at the junctions of midgut and hindgut.
 - (4) Grinding of food is carried out only by the mouth parts.
- **150.** Maximum nutritional diversity is found in the group.
 - (1) Fungi
 - (2) Animalia
 - (3) Monera
 - (4) Plantae

Chemistry

- **151.** Aluminium is extracted from alumina (Al₂O₃) by electrolysis of a molten mixture of: (1) Al₂O₃ +HF+NaAlF₄ (2) $Al_2O_3 + CaF_2 + NaAlF_4$ (3) $Al_2O_3 + Na_3 AlF_6 + CaF_2$ (4) $Al_2O_3 + KF + Na_3 AlF_6$ **152.** pH of a saturated solution of Ba(OH)₂ is 12. The value of solubility product (K_{sp}) of $Ba(OH)_2$ is: (1) 3.3×10^{-7} (2) 5.0×10^{-7} $(3) 4.0 \times 10^{-6}$ $(4) 5.0 \times 10^{-6}$ **153.** When Cl₂ gas reacts with hot and concentrated sodium hydroxide solution, the oxidation number of chlorine changes from: (1) Zero to +1 and zero to -5 (2) Zero to -1 and zero to +5(3) Zero to -1 and zero to +3(4) Zero to +1 and zero to -3 **154.** Maximum number of electrons in a subshell with : l = 3 and n = 4 is : (1)14(2)16(3)10(4)12**155.** Which one of the following is an outer orbital complex and exhibits paramagnetic behaviour? (1) $[Ni(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$ (2) $[Zn(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$ (3) $[Cr(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$ (4) $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
- **156.** In a reaction, A + B → Product, rate is doubled when the concentration of B is doubled, and rate increases by a factor of 8 when the concentrations of both the reactants (A and B) are doubled, rate law for the reaction can be written as :
 - (1) Rate = $k[A][B]^2$
 - (2) Rate = $k[A]^2[B]^2$
 - (3) Rate=k[A][B]
 - (4) Rate= $k[A]^2[B]$

- **157.** In which of the following reactions, standard reaction entropy change (ΔS°) is Positive and standard Gibbs energy change (Δ G°) decreases sharply with increasing temperature?
 - (1) C graphite+ $\frac{1}{2}O_{2(g)} \rightarrow CO_{(g)}$
 - (2) $CO_{(g)} + 1 0_{2(g)} \rightarrow CO_{2(g)}$
 - (3) Mg (s) $+\frac{1}{2}$ 0_{2(g)} \rightarrow Mg0(s) $+\frac{1}{2}$ 0_{2(g)} \rightarrow Mg0(s) (4) $-\frac{1}{2}$ Cgraphite $+\frac{1}{2}$ 0 $-\frac{1}{2}$ Co_{2(g)}
- **158.** Which one of the following is a mineral of iron?
 - (1) Malachite
 - (2) Cassiterite
 - (3) Pyrolusite
 - (4) Magnetite
- **159.** In Freundlich Adsorption isotherm, the value of 1/n is:
 - (1) between 0 and 1 in all cases
 - (2) between 2 and 4 in all cases
 - (3) 1 in case of physical adsorption
 - (4) 1 in case of chemisorption
- **160.** Equimolar solutions of the following substances were prepared separately. Which one of these will record the highest pH value?
 - (1) BaCl₂
 - (2) AlCl₃
 - (3) LiCl
 - (4) BeCl₂
- **161.** 50 mL of each gas A and of gas B takes 150 and 200 seconds respectively for effusing through a pin hole under the similar conditions. If molecular mass of gas B is 36, the molecular mass of gas A will be:
 - (1)96
 - (2)128
 - (3)32
 - (4)64

- **162.** The correct set of four quantum numbers for the valence electron of rubidium atom (Z=37) is :
 - (1) 5, 1, 1, + $\frac{1}{2}$
 - $(2) 6,0,0 + \frac{1}{2}$
 - $(3) 5,0,0 + \frac{1}{2}$
 - $(4) 5,1,0 + \frac{1}{2}$
- **163.** In which of the following compounds, nitrogen exhibits highest oxidation state?
 - (1) N₂H₄
 - (2) NH₃
 - (3) N₃H
 - (4) NH₂OH
- **164.** Predict the product in the given reaction.

(1) CH₂OH + CH₂COO⁻

165. Acetone is treated with excess of ethanol in the presence of hydrochloric acid. The product obtained is :

(1)

(2)

(3)

$$(CH_3)_2 C$$
 OH OC_2H_5 OC_2H_5 OC_2H_5

(4)

- **166.** A metal crystallizes with a face-centered cubic lattice. The edge of the unit cell is 408 pm. The diameter of the metal atom is:
 - (1) 288 pm
 - (2) 408 pm
 - (3) 144 pm
 - (4) 204 pm
- **167.** Which one of the following statements is incorrect about enzyme catalysis?
 - (1) Enzymes are mostly proteinous in nature
 - (2) Enzyme action is specific
 - (3) Enzymes are denaturated by ultraviolet rays and at high temperature
 - (4) Enzymes are least reactive at optimum temperature

- **168.** In a zero- order reaction for every 10° rise of temperature, the rate is doubled. If the temperature is increased from 10°C to 100°C , the rate of the reaction will become :
 - (1) 256 times
 - (2) 512 times
 - (3) 64 times
 - (4) 128 times
- 169. Deficiency of vitamin B1 causes the disease
 - (1) Convulsions
 - (2) Beri-Beri
 - (3) Cheilosis
 - (4) Sterility
- **170.** Among the following compounds the one that is most reactive towards electrophilic nitration is:
 - (1) Benzoic Acid
 - (2) Nitrobenzene
 - (3) Toluene
 - (4) Benzene
- **171.** Buffer solutions have constant acidity and alkalinity because :
 - (1) These give unionised acid or base on reaction with added acid or alkali.
 - (2) Acids and alkalies in these solution are shielded from attack by other ions.
 - (3) They have large excess of H⁺ or OH⁻ ions.
 - (4) They have fixed value of pH.
- **172.** The correct order of decreasing acid strength of trichloroacetic acid (A), trifluoroacetic acid (B), acetic acid (C) and formic acid (D) is:
 - (1) B > A > D > C
 - (2) B > D > C > A
 - (3) A > B > C > D
 - (4) A > C > B > D
- **173.** Which one of the following sets of monosaccharides forms sucrose?
 - (1) α -D-Galactopyranose and α -D- fructofuranose
 - (2) α -D-Glucopyranose and β -D-fructofuranose
 - (3) β -D-Glucopyranose and α -D-fructofuranose
 - (4) α -D-Glucopyranose and β -D-fructofuranose

174. The enthalpy of fusion of water is 1.435 kcal/mol. The molar entropy change for the melting of ice at 0°C is: (1) 10.52 cal / (mol K) (2) 21.04 cal / (mol K) (3) 5.260 cal / (mol K) (4) 0.526 cal / (mol K) 175. Which one of the following pairs is isostructural (i.e. having the same shape and hybridization)? (1) [BCl₃ and BrCl₃] (2) $[NH_3 \text{ and } NO_3^-]$ (3) [NF3 and BF3] (4) $[BF_4^- \text{ and NH } 4^+]$ **176.** Bond order of 1.5 is shown by: $(1) 0 2^{+}$ $(2) 0 2^{-}$ $(3) 0^{2}2^{-}$ (4) 0₂**177.** Which one of the following is not a condensation polymer? (1) Melamine (2) Glyptal (3) Dacron (4) Neoprene 178. In the following sequence of reactions CH_3 -Br \xrightarrow{KCN} $\rightarrow A \xrightarrow{H_3O+}$ $\rightarrow B \xrightarrow{LiAIH_4}$ $\rightarrow C$, the end product (C) is: (1) Acetone (2) Methane (3) Acetaldehyde (4) Ethyl alcohol **179.** Which nomenclature is not according to IUPAC system? (1) $Br - CH_2 - CH = CH_2$, 1 - Bromo - prop - 2 - ene(2) CH_3 $\mathrm{CH_3}$ - $\mathrm{CH_2}$ - C - $\mathrm{CH_2}$ - $\mathrm{CHCH_3}$, 4 - Bromo, 2, 4 - di - methylhexane

Br

 CH_3

(3)
$${\rm CH_3-CH-CH-CH_2-CH_3, 2-Methyl-3-Phenylpentane}$$

(4)
$$CH_3 - C - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2COOH 5 - oxohexanoic acid$$

- **180.** The number of octahedral void(s) per atom present in a cubic close-packed structure is:
 - (1)1
 - (2)3
 - (3)2
 - (4)4
- **181.** In the extraction of copper from its sulphide ore, the metal is finally obtained by the reduction of cuprous oxide with :
 - (1) Copper (I) sulphide (Cu2S)
 - (2) Sulphur dioxide (SO₂)
 - (3) Iron sulphide (FeS)
 - (4) Carbon monoxide (CO)
- **182.** Identify the alloy containing a non-metal as a constituent in it.
 - (1) Invar
 - (2) Steel
 - (3) Bell metal
 - (4) Bronze
- **183.** A mixture of potassium chlorate, oxalic acid and sulphuric acid is heated. During the reaction which element undergoes maximum change in the oxidation number?
 - (1) S
 - (2) H
 - (3) Cl
 - (4) C

- 184. Which one of the alkali metals, forms only, the normal oxide, M₂O on heating in air?

 Rb
 K
 Li
 Na

 185. The ease of adsorption of the hydrated alkali metal ions on an ion-exchange resins follows the order:

 Li⁺ < K⁺ < Na⁺ < Rb⁺
 K⁺ < Na⁺ < Li⁺
 K⁺ < Na⁺ < Rb⁺
 Na⁺ < Li⁺ < K⁺ < Rb⁺
- **186.** Which one of the following statements regarding photochemical smog is not correct?
 - (1) Carbon monoxide does not play any role in photochemical smog formation
 - (2) Photochemical smog is an oxidising agent in character
 - (3) Photochemical smog is formed through photochemical reaction involving solar energy.
 - (4) Photochemical smog does not cause irritation in eyes and throat.
- **187.** CH₃CHO and C₆H₅CH₂CHO can be distinguished chemically by :
 - (1) Benedict test
 - (2) Iodoform test
 - (3) Tollen's reagent test
 - (4) Fehling solution test
- **188.** Which of the statements is **not** true?
 - (1) On passing H₂S through acidified K₂Cr₂O₇ solution, a milky colour is observed
 - (2) Na₂Cr₂O₇ is preferred over K₂Cr₂O₇ in volumetric analysis
 - (3) K2Cr2O7 solution in acidic medium is orange
 - (4) $K_2Cr_2O_7$ solution becomes yellow on increasing the pH beyond 7
- **189.** Standard enthalpy of vapourisation Δ_{vap} H⁰ for water at 100°C is 40.66 kJ mol⁻¹.

The internal energy of vaporization of water at 100°C (in kJmol-1) is:

- (1) + 37.56
- (2) 43.76
- (3) + 43.76
- (4) +40.66

- **190.** Identify the **wrong** statement in the following:
 - (1) Amongst isoelectronic species, smaller the positive charge on the cation, smaller is the ionic radius.
 - (2) Amongst isoelectronic species, greater the negative charge on the anion, larger is the ionic radius.
 - (3) Atomic radius of the elements increases as one moves down the first group of the periodic table.
 - (4) Atomic radius of the elements decreases as one moves across from left to right in the 2^{nd} period of the periodic table.
- 191. Which of the following statements is not valid for oxoacids of phosphorus?
 - (1) Orthophosphoric acid is used in the manufacture of triple superphosphate
 - (2) Hypophosphorous acid is a diprotic acid
 - (3) All oxoacids contain tetrahedral four coordinated phosphorus
 - (4) All oxoacids contain atleast one P=O unit and one P-OH group
- **192.** The protecting power of lyophilic colloidal sol is expressed in terms of :
 - (1) Coagulation value
 - (2) Gold number
 - (3) Critical miscelle concentration
 - (4) Oxidation number
- **193.** Sulphur trioxide can be obtained by which of the following reaction:
 - (1) $CaSO_4 + C \longrightarrow$
 - $(2) Fe₂ (SO₄)₃ \longrightarrow$
 - $(3) S + H₂SO₄ \longrightarrow$
 - $(4) H₂SO₄ + PCl₅ \longrightarrow$
- **194.** PA and PB are the vapour pressure of pure liquid components, A and B, respectively of an ideal binary solution. If XA represents the mole fraction of component A, the total pressure of the solution will be.
 - (1) $P_A + X_A (P_B P_A)$
 - $(2) P_A + X_A (P_A P_B)$
 - $(3) P_B + X_A (P_B P_A)$
 - (4) $P_B + X_A (P_A P_B)$
- 195. Which of the following acids does not exhibit optical isomerism?
 - (1) Maleic acid
 - (2) α -amino acids
 - (3) Lactic acid
 - (4) Tartaric acid

- **196.** Which of the following species contains three bond pairs and one lone pair around the central atom?
 - (1) H₂O
 - (2) BF₃
 - (3) NH_{2}^{-}
 - (4) PCl₃

197. Limiting molar conductivity of NH40H | i.eAm(NH40H | isequalto:

- (1) Λ_{m} (NH₄Cl)+ Λ_{m} (NaCl)- Λ_{m} (NaOH)
- (2) Λ_{m} (NaOH)+ Λ_{m} (NaCl)- Λ_{m} (NH₄Cl)
- (3) Λ_{m} (NH₄OH)+ Λ_{m} (NH₄Cl)- Λ_{m} (HCl)
- (4) Λ_{m} (NH₄Cl)+ Λ_{m} (NaOH)- Λ_{m} (NaCl)
- **198.** The pair of species with the same bond order is:
 - (1) $0^{2}2^{-}$, B_{2}
 - $(2) O_{2}^{+}, NO^{+}$
 - (3) NO, CO
 - (4) N₂, O₂
- 199. Which of the following statements is false?
 - (1) Artificial silk is derived from cellulose.
 - (2) Nylon-66 is an example of elastomer.
 - (3) The repeat unit in natural rubber is isoprene.
 - (4) Both starch and cellulose are polymers of glucose.
- $\boldsymbol{200}.$ In the following reaction :

