

Logarithm of a Complex Number.

Let $z = x + iy$ and

$$\log_e(x + iy) = a + ib \quad \dots(i)$$

$$x + iy = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) = re^{i\theta} \quad \dots(ii)$$

then $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, clearly $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$

From equation (ii), $\log(x + iy) = \log_e(re^{i\theta}) = \log r + \log_e e^{i\theta} = \log_e r + i\theta$

$$= \log_e \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + i \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

$$\boxed{\log_e(z) = \log_e |z| + i \operatorname{amp} z}$$

Obviously, the general value is $\operatorname{Log}(z) = \log_e(z) + 2\pi ni \quad (-\pi < \operatorname{amp}(z) < \pi)$