

## Equality of Two Complex Numbers.

Two complex numbers  $z_1 = x_1 + iy_1$  and  $z_2 = x_2 + iy_2$  are said to be equal if and only if their real parts and imaginary parts are separately equal.

i.e.,  $z_1 = z_2 \Rightarrow x_1 + iy_1 = x_2 + iy_2 \Leftrightarrow x_1 = x_2$  and  $y_1 = y_2$ .

Thus, one complex equation is equivalent to two real equations.

Note: A complex number  $z = x + iy = 0$  iff  $x = 0, y = 0$ .

□ The complex number do not possess the property of order i.e.,  $(a + ib) < (or) > (c + id)$  is not defined.

For example, the statement  $9 + 6i > 3 + 2i$  makes no sense.