

## Number of Divisors.

Let  $N = p_1^{\alpha_1} \cdot p_2^{\alpha_2} \cdot p_3^{\alpha_3} \dots p_k^{\alpha_k}$ , where  $p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots, p_k$  are different primes and  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \dots, \alpha_k$  are natural numbers then:

(1) The total number of divisors of N including 1 and N is  $= (\alpha_1 + 1)(\alpha_2 + 1)(\alpha_3 + 1) \dots (\alpha_k + 1)$

(2) The total number of divisors of N excluding 1 and N is  $= (\alpha_1 + 1)(\alpha_2 + 1)(\alpha_3 + 1) \dots (\alpha_k + 1) - 2$

(3) The total number of divisors of N excluding 1 or N is  $= (\alpha_1 + 1)(\alpha_2 + 1)(\alpha_3 + 1) \dots (\alpha_k + 1) - 1$

(4) The sum of these divisors is

$$= (p_1^0 + p_1^1 + p_1^2 + \dots + p_1^{\alpha_1})(p_2^0 + p_2^1 + p_2^2 + \dots + p_2^{\alpha_2}) \dots (p_k^0 + p_k^1 + p_k^2 + \dots + p_k^{\alpha_k})$$

(5) The number of ways in which N can be resolved as a product of two factors is

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}(\alpha_1 + 1)(\alpha_2 + 1) \dots (\alpha_k + 1), & \text{If } N \text{ is not a perfect square} \\ \frac{1}{2}[(\alpha_1 + 1)(\alpha_2 + 1) \dots (\alpha_k + 1) + 1], & \text{If } N \text{ is a perfect square} \end{cases}$$

(6) The number of ways in which a composite number N can be resolved into two factors which are relatively prime (or co-prime) to each other is equal to  $2^{n-1}$  where n is the number of different factors in N.

### Important Tips

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- ☞ All the numbers whose last digit is an even number 0, 2, 4, 6 or 8 are divisible by 2.
- ☞ All the numbers sum of whose digits are divisible by 3, is divisible by 3 e.g. 534. Sum of the digits is 12, which are divisible by 3, and hence 534 is also divisible by 3.
- ☞ All those numbers whose last two-digit number is divisible by 4 are divisible by 4 e.g. 7312, 8936, are such that 12, 36 are divisible by 4 and hence the given numbers are also divisible by 4.
- ☞ All those numbers, which have either 0 or 5 as the last digit, are divisible by 5.
- ☞ All those numbers, which are divisible by 2 and 3 simultaneously, are divisible by 6. e.g., 108, 756 etc.
- ☞ All those numbers whose last three-digit number is divisible by 8 are divisible by 8.
- ☞ All those numbers sum of whose digit is divisible by 9 are divisible by 9.

☞ All those numbers whose last two digits are divisible by 25 are divisible by 25 e.g., 73125, 2400 etc.