## Definition of Function.

(1) Function can be easily defined with the help of the concept of mapping. Let $X$ and $Y$ be any two non-empty sets. "A function from $X$ to $Y$ is a rule or correspondence that assigns to each element of set $X$, one and only one element of set $Y$ '. Let the correspondence be ' $f$ then mathematically we write $f: X \rightarrow Y$ where $y=f(x), x \in X$ and $y \in Y$. We say that ' $y$ ' is the image of ' $x$ ' under $f$ (or $x$ is the pre image of $y$ ).

Two things should always be kept in mind:
(i) A mapping $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is said to be a function if each element in the set $X$ hasits image in set $Y$. It is also possible that there are few elements in set $Y$ which are not the images of any element in set $X$.
(ii) Every element in set $X$ should have one and only one image. That means it is impossible to have more than one image for a specific element in set $X$. Functions cannot be multi-valued (A mapping that is multi-valued is called a relation from $X$ and $Y$ e.g.


Function


Not function


Function


Not function
(2) Testing for a function by vertical line test:A relation $f: A \rightarrow B$ is a function or not it can be checked by a graph of the relation. If it is possible to draw a vertical line which cuts the given curve at more than one point then the given relation is not a function and when this vertical line means line parallel to $\gamma$-axis cuts the curve at only one point then it is a function.Figure (iii) and (iv) represents a function.

(3) Number of functions:Let $X$ and $Y$ be two finite sets having $m$ and $n$ elements respectively. Then each element of set $X$ can be associated to any one of $n$ elements of set $Y$. So, total number of functions from set $X$ to set Yis $n^{m}$.
(4) Value of the function: If $y=f(x)$ is a function then to find its values at some value of $x$, say $x=a$, we directly substitute $x=a$ in its given rule $f(x)$ and it is denoted by $f(a)$.
e.g. If $f(x)=x^{2}+1$, then $f(1)=1^{2}+1=2, f(2)=2^{2}+1=5, f(0)=0^{2}+1=1$ etc.

