

## Acceleration of a Block against Friction.

### (1) Acceleration of a block on horizontal surface

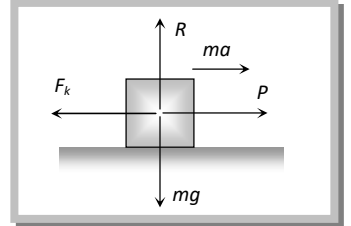
When body is moving under application of force  $P$ , then kinetic friction opposes its motion.

Let  $a$  is the net acceleration of the body

From the figure

$$ma = P - F_k$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{P - F_k}{m}$$



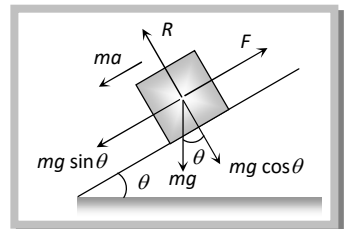
### (2) Acceleration of a block down a rough inclined plane

When angle of inclined plane is more than angle of repose, the body placed on the inclined plane slides down with an acceleration  $a$ .

From the figure  $ma = mg \sin \theta - F$

$$\Rightarrow ma = mg \sin \theta - \mu R$$

$$\Rightarrow ma = mg \sin \theta - \mu mg \cos \theta$$



$$\therefore \text{Acceleration } a = g[\sin \theta - \mu \cos \theta]$$

Note: For frictionless inclined plane  $\mu = 0 \therefore a = g \sin \theta$ .

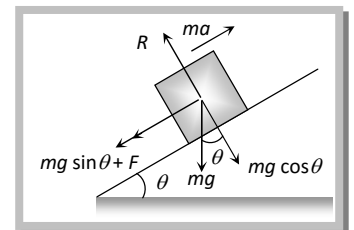
### (3) Retardation of a block up a rough inclined plane

When angle of inclined plane is less than angle of repose, then for the upward motion

$$ma = mg \sin \theta + F$$

$$ma = mg \sin \theta + \mu mg \cos \theta$$

$$\text{Retardation } a = g[\sin \theta + \mu \cos \theta]$$



Note: For frictionless inclined plane  $\mu = 0 \therefore a = g \sin \theta$