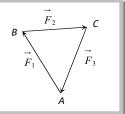
## Equilibrium of Concurrent Force.

- (1) If all the forces working on a body are acting on the same point, then they are said to be concurrent.
- (2) A body, under the action of concurrent forces, is said to be in equilibrium, when there is no change in the state of rest or of uniform motion along a straight line.
- (3) The necessary condition for the equilibrium of a body under the action of concurrent forces is that the vector sum of all the forces acting on the body must be zero.
- (4) Mathematically for equilibrium  $\sum F_{\rm net}=0$  or  $\sum F_x=0$ ;  $\sum F_y=0$ ; ,  $\sum F_z=0$
- (5) Three concurrent forces will be in equilibrium, if they can be represented completely by three sides of a triangle taken in order.



(6) Lami's Theorem: For concurrent forces  $\frac{F_1}{\sin\alpha} = \frac{F_2}{\sin\beta} = \frac{F_3}{\sin\gamma}$ 

